Trade Agreement with Germany .-- A Provisional Most-Favoured-Nation Trade Agreement and a Payments Agreement were signed between Canada and Germany on Oct. 22, 1936. The Trade Agreement is to become effective fourteen days after exchange of ratifications, is to remain in force until Nov. 14, 1937, and thereafter until terminated on two months' notice. The Payments Agreement was entered into on account of German control over exchange for payment of goods imported. It authorizes for purchase of Canadian wheat, apples, cheese, honey, fish, fox skins, asbestos, lumber, wood pulp, sausage casings, and some other goods. utilization of definite percentages of exchange accruing from German exports to Canada, Unallocated exchange is available for miscellaneous purchases. By Exchange of Notes on the day the Trade Agreement was signed, Canada agreed, on a basis of reciprocity, to give effect to the Trade Agreement respecting Canadian customs treatment of German goods as from Nov. 15, 1936, the Payments Agreement having gone into effect on that day. The Exchange of Notes is to remain operative until replaced by the Provisional Trade Agreement or, alternatively, until expiry of six weeks notice of termination which may be given by either Government. A Canadian Act ratifying the Agreement was assented to on April 10, 1937.

Trade Agreement with Haiti.—A commercial Agreement between Canada and Haiti, signed April 23, 1937, exchanged most-favoured-nation treatment. Haiti has a maximum and minimum tariff.

Summary of Tariff Arrangements with Foreign Countries.—Arising out of some old British treaties, later British treaties or favoured-nation clauses sanctioned by Canadian Acts of Parliament, in consequence of purely Canadian conventions of commerce or Exchange of Notes, Canada extends, on a reciprocal basis, most-favoured-nation customs treatment, except where otherwise indicated, to the goods of the following countries:—

Country.	Treaty or Convention.	Terms.
Argentine Republic	Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation with the United Kingdom of Feb. 2, 1825	Exchange of most-favoured- nation treatment.
Austria	Exchange of Notes. Canadian Orders in Council of July 5, 1933, Dec. 29, 1933, and Jan. 14, 1935, latter for an indefinite period subject to ter- mination on three months notice.	iff exchanged for most-
Belgium and Luxembourg. Belgian possessions and mandated territory.	Convention of Commerce with Canada of July 3, 1924.	Exchange of most-favoured- nation treatment.
Bolivia	Canadian Order in Council of July 20, 1935, ac- cepted Article 15 of the United Kingdom- Bolivia Treaty of Commerce of Aug. 1, 1911.	
Brazil	Exchange of Notes of Dec. 4, 1931, renewed July 25-30, 1936.	Canadian intermediate tar- iff exchanged for most- favoured-nation treatment in Brazil.
Colombia	Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation with the United Kingdom of Feb. 16, 1866.	Exchange of most-favoured- nation treatment.
Costa Rica	Exchange of Notes of Mar. 1-2, 1935. Canadian Order in Council of July 20, 1935.	Exchange of most-favoured- nation treatment.
Czechoslovakia	Convention of Commerce with Canada of Mar. 15, 1928.	Exchange of most-favoured- nation treatment.
Denmark	Treaties of Peace and Commerce with Great Britain of Feb. 13, 1660-1 and July 11, 1670.	Exchange of most-favoured- nation treatment.
Estonia	Canadian Trade Agreements Act of June 11, 1928, accepted Article 28 of the United Kingdom- Estonia Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of Jan. 18, 1926.	nation treatment.